



Značaj i saradnja doktora medicine i stomatologa u lečenju bolesti usne duplje kod onkoloških pacijenata

The Significance and Collaboration of Doctors and Dentists in the Treatment of Oral Cavity Disease in Oncological Patients

Ivica Glišić, Mirjana Janković

Dom zdravlja Požarevac Healthcare Center Požarevac

Apstrakt

Uvod: Oralno zdravlje je važan segment opšteg zdravlja svake populacije, a posebno je važan kod specifičnih grupa ljudi koji su pod posebnim rizicima u sklopu svog osnovnog oboljenja. Veliku i važnu grupu u populaciji današnjice predstavljaju onkološki pacijenti. Njihovo osnovno oboljenje je samo po sebi specifično i poseban je problem pri bilo kom medicinskom, a posebno pri stomatološkom tretmanu. Osim promena koje su prouzrokovane samom bolešću, specifična terapija i njeni neželjeni efekti na organizam, a samim tim i usnu duplju, terapijski su izazov sam po sebi. Ove promene mogu da daju manifestacije u usnoj duplji u sklopu primarnih promena, ali i kao sekundarne manifestacije maligne bolesti ili komplikacije terapije.

Cilj rada: Sagledavanje tipova i opsežnosti promena u usnoj duplji kod onkoloških pacijenata i mogućnosti preveniranja njihovog nastanka, kao i mogućnosti tretmana.

Rezultat: U radu je prikazan slučaj i ukazano je na značaj saradnje doktora medicine i stomatologa u prevenciji i lečenju bolesti zuba i usta kod onkoloških pacijenata.

Zaključak: Od izuzetne je važnosti saradnja doktora medicine i stomatologa u prevenciji i lečenju bolesti usta i zuba kod onkoloških pacijenata. Ranim otkrivanjem ovih problema moguće je sprečiti nastanak ili ublažiti većinu simptoma ovih stanja, što je posebno značajno u poboljšanju kvaliteta života ovih pacijenata.

Abstract

Introduction: Oral health is an important segment of the general health of any population, and it is especially important in specific groups of people who are at special risk as part of their underlying disease. Oncology patients represent a large and important group in today's population. Their underlying illness is specific in itself and is a special problem with any medical, and especially dental, treatment. Apart from the changes caused by the disease itself, the specific therapy and its side effects on the body, and thus on the oral cavity, are a therapeutic challenge in themselves. These changes can manifest in the oral cavity as part of primary changes, but also as secondary manifestations of malignant disease or complications of therapy.

Aims: Reviewing the types and extent of changes in the oral cavity in oncology patients and the possibility of preventing their occurrence, as well as the possibility of treatment.

Results: The paper presents a case and points out the importance of cooperation between medical doctors and dentists in the prevention and treatment of dental and mouth diseases in oncology patients.

Conclusion: The cooperation of medical doctors and dentists is extremely important in the prevention and treatment of oral and dental diseases in oncology patients. By early detection of these problems, it is possible to prevent the onset or alleviate most of the symptoms of these conditions, which is particularly important in improving the quality of life of these patients.

